

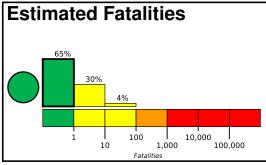




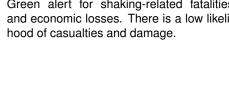
PAGER Version 5

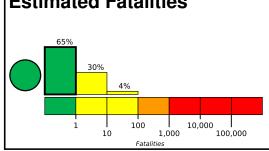
Created: 3 weeks, 1 day after earthquake

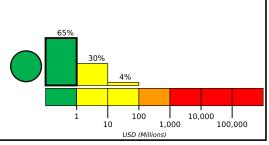
M 5.8, Hindu Kush region, AfghanistanOrigin Time: 2023-08-05 16:01:49 UTC (Sat 20:31:49 local) Location: 36.4358° N 70.7494° E Depth: 209.6 km



Green alert for shaking-related fatalities Estimated Economic Losses and economic losses. There is a low likeli-







Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking

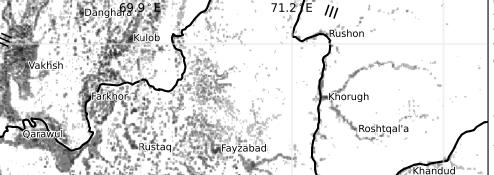
ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	15,000k*	433k	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED SHAKING		Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

Ishqoshim

Zaybak

Population Exposure

population per 1 sq. km from Landscan



Structures

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are vulnerable to earthquake shaking, though resistant structures exist. The predominant vulnerable building types are adobe block and log construction.

Historical Earthquakes

Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
2001-06-01	196	5.0	V(1,344k)	4
2002-01-09	258	5.2	VI(51k)	3
2005-10-08	337	7.6	IX(337k)	87k

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides and liquefaction that might have contributed to losses.

Selected City Exposure

MMI	City	Population
IV	Mashhad	<1k
IV	Jurm	12k
IV	Hafiz Moghul	<1k
IV	Kalafgan	<1k
IV	Shahran	<1k
IV	Taloqan	64k
Ш	Kunduz	162k
Ш	Pul-e Khumri	56k
Ш	Bazarak	65k
Ш	Qurghonteppa	65k
Ш	Charikar	54k

bold cities appear on map.

(k = x1000)

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.

Bazarak

^{*}Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.